

"POLNA" S.A 37-700 Przemyśl, Obozowa 23 Str. E-mail: sales@polna.com.pl Tel.: +48 16 678 66 01

www.polna.com.pl

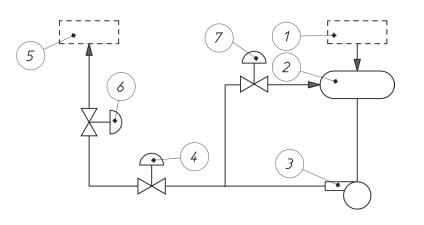
# VALVES FOR POWER SYSTEMS OF ENERGY BOILERS TYPE Z1B-M

### SCOPE OF APPLICATION:

Two types of control valves are used in power systems of energy boilers:

- minimum flow valves, intended for use in the recirculation circuits of pumps powering boilers,
- starting feed check valves, designed to control the flow of water to boilers.

### SCHEMA OF POWER SUPPLY SYSTEM OF BOILER





Drawing No 1. Schema of installation supplying water to energy boiler.

- 1) Pump of condensate,
- 2) Deaerator
- 3) Pump of water to boiler,
- 4) Cut-off valve,
- 5) Energy boiler,
- 6) Starting feed valve,
- 7) Minimum flow valve.

### CHARACTERISTICS:

- The design of the valve makes it resistant to cavitation as a result of the application of the multi-cage labyrinthine throttling (multi-way) and the selection of appropriate materials such as: full stellite in case of plug and seat, titanium in case of stem, highly hardened throttling cages, alloy cast steel in case of body,
- special design enabling control of low flows in the conditions of high drops of pressure, as well as large flows in the conditions of small drops of pressures,,
- high leaktightness of the closure,
- guaranteed leaktightness of outer seals, according to the requirements of the provisions of TA Luft, located in the zone of low pressure
- easy access to internal components of the valve,
- control or on-off function,
- the possibility of applying electrical, hydraulic or pneumatic drives,
- a wide range of assortments, the ability to adapt the valve to individual customer's requirements in terms of connections, flow parameters, and other,
- additional equipment: quick exhaust valve for pneumatic actuators (quick opening), spring shock absorber for hydraulic or electric actuators (flexible contact of the plug onto seat),
- hydraulic impact resistance (water hammer),
- high durability and reliability.

### **DESIGN AND TECHNICAL DATA**

| Body:<br>Nominal diameter:<br>nominal pressure:<br>Flow coefficient:<br>Characteristics:<br>Flow direction:<br>Way ofe flow in cages:<br>Pressure recovery factor:<br>Leaktightness of closure:<br>Permissible operating pressure:<br>Permissible operating temperature:<br>Variants: | cast, straight type<br>DN50; 65; 80; 100 / 2"; 2,5"; 3"; 4"<br>PN250; 320 / CL1500; 2500<br>according to the Table 1<br>linear or modified<br>under the plug (FTO)<br>wg Rys. 5<br>$F_L=0,975$<br>min. cl V acc. to PN-EN 60534-4<br>250 bar<br>+250°C |
|---|--|
| Variants:<br>List of parts and materials:   | according to the Table 1<br>according to the Table 2   |
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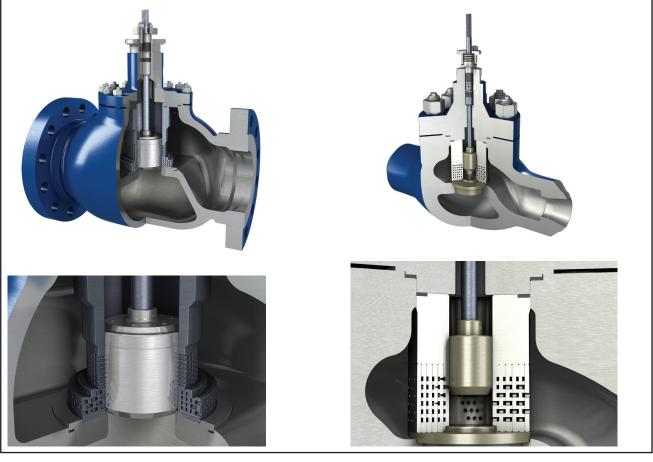
#### Table 1. Variants

|                        |   | 50 | 65 | 80  | 100 |
|------------------------|---|----|----|-----|-----|
| Ky                     | 1 | 10 | 16 | 25  | 40  |
| KV <sub>max</sub>      | 2 | 25 | 40 | 63  | 125 |
| q <sub>MAX</sub> [t/h] |   | 50 | 65 | 130 | 200 |

 $Kv_{max}$ 1 - minimum flow valves  $Kv_{max}$ 2 - starting-feed valves

#### NOTE:

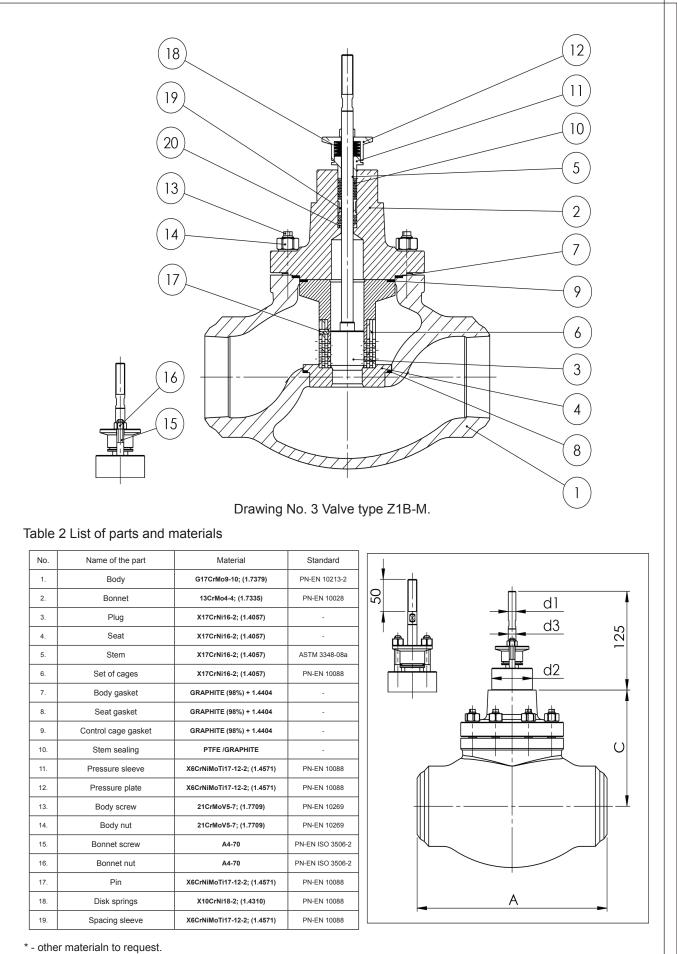
- maximum flow qmax was defined assuming maximum flow rate not exceeding 8m/s,
- other types of end connectors and Kv on request.



Starting - feed valve

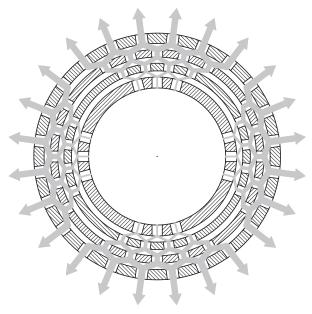
Minimum flow valve





Drawing No. 4 Connection dimensions of the valve

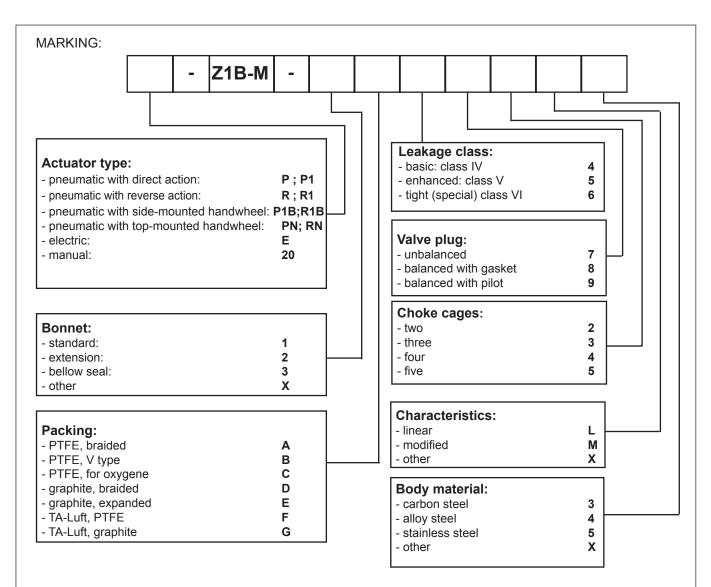
| Table 3. Connection dimensions of the valve |                         |     |     |     |                          |     |     |     |  |
|---|-------------------------|-----|-----|-----|--------------------------|-----|-----|-----|--|
| DN  | 50                      |     | 65  |     | 80                       |     | 100 |     |  |
| PN  | 250                     | 320 | 250 | 320 | 250                      | 320 | 250 | 320 |  |
| A   | 400                     |     | 400 |     | 500                      |     | 580 |     |  |
| C   | 237                     |     | 237 |     | 257                      |     | 329 |     |  |
| d1  | M12x1,25                |     |     |     | M16x1,5                  |     |     |     |  |
| d2  | 57,15 / 2 1/4" - 16UN2A |     |     |     | 84,15 / 3 5/16" - 16NS2A |     |     |     |  |
| d3  | 12                      |     |     |     | 16                       |     |     |     |  |



Drawing No. 5 Ways of flow in cages

## NOTE:

Other data concerning the valves, are included in the catalogue cards ZIB, and information about the selection of pneumatic membrane-spring actuators is included in cards P/R, P1/R1.



#### MARKING EXAMPLE:

Control valve type Z1B-M with pneumatic actuator of reverse type, complete with top-mounted handwheel, extension bonnet, packing: expanded graphite, leakage class cl.IV, with three throttling cages, plug balanced with gasket, linear characteristic, body material: stainless steel.:

#### RN-Z1B-M-2E483L5

Marking is shown on valve nameplate.

- Additionaly, it shows: nominal size [DN],
- nominal pressure [PN],
- max working temperature [TS],
- max working temperature [13], - max working pressure [PS],
- max working pressure [
- test pressure [PT],
- flow ratio [Kvs],
- plug stroke [H],
- plug stroke fluid group [1 or 2],
- serial number and year of manufacture.